

TRACEABILITY OF VOUCHER

Vouchers or coupons are a way of payment for occasional and irregular employment. They can be purchased through various channels electronically, by the monopoly of authorized resellers and at the bank that has enabled the service from August, 31st, 2015 it is no longer possible to take them to the INPS. All information pertaining to employers and workers who apply for telematic vouchers are then forwarded to the Italian Post Office, a body that accredits the fees. In fact, even before the arrival of computerized voucher, INPS and the Italian Post Office had drawn up an agreement in which both the purchase and the collection of good work could be carried out at any post office. With the arrival of the things telematic vouchers have not changed, except for the fact that the Italian Post Office no longer issues of good work but a card (card Postepay Virtual INPS), on which the amount is credited concerning tenders performance. Every good work or voucher can have a value of 10, 20 or 50 Euros. In recent years there has been considerable use, which often hides misuse. To counter these practices, the Council of Ministers approved in advance a legislative decree introducing a **traceability system**. The non-farm entrepreneurs and professionals will have to communicate to the INPS by sms or email the worker's personal data, place and duration of the performance 60 minutes before the performance, the agricultural employers may refer to a period not exceeding seven days. Those who will not make the communication will risk a fine from 400 to 2,400 euros per worker. The decree excludes the agricultural sector from the roof of 2000 euros expected to be spent for other businesses in ancillary work. However, it remains the roof of 7000 euros per year that each worker can earn through the good and the fact that in agriculture vouchers can only be used to pay retirees and students for seasonal activities.